Partitioned simulation of the fluid-structure-interaction of flexible marine propellers in unsteady flow conditions

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With respect to new propeller materials and designs, vibrations and large deformations are becoming increasingly relevant for propeller design and operation.

Therefore, simulation methods need to be developed which take into account the interaction of fluid and structure while retaining a computational effort suitable of the design stage.

In the approach presented, the fluid mechanical subproblem is solved by means of the boundary element method panMARE [1], which is based on the potential flow theory. The structural-mechanical subproblem is engaged using AdhoC, a FEM program which enables the use of high-order finite elements. Information exchange between the subproblems is managed by the numerical method comana [2]. In addition to an investigation regarding the behaviour of flexible propeller geometries in unsteady flow conditions, an efficient implicit coupling algorithm and a validation of the method are presented in the paper.

REFERENCES
